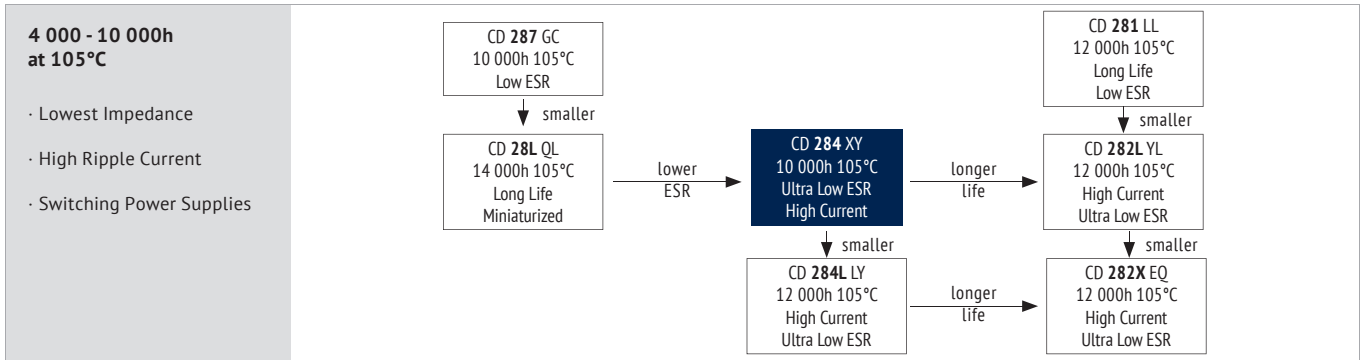


ALUMINUM ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITORS · RADIAL TYPE

CD 284 XY SERIES



ITEM CHARACTERISTICS

Operating Temperature Range (°C)	-40 ~ +105
Voltage Range (V)	6,3 ~ 100
Capacitance Range (µF)	6,8 ~ 6 800
Capacitance Tolerance (20°C, 120Hz)	± 20%

! The usage at lower temperatures than indicated may be possible. Please contact the Jianghai Europe sales office for approval.

Leakage Current (µA) After 2 minutes at 20°C application of rated voltage, leakage current is not more than specified in table.

Stability at Low Temperature (Impedance Ratio at 120Hz)	Rated Voltage (V)	6,3	10	16	25	35	50	63	100
Z _{-25°C} / Z _{+20°C}		4	3				2		
Z _{-40°C} / Z _{+20°C}		12	10	8	6	4		3	

ITEM USEFUL LIFE LOAD LIFE ENDURANCE TEST SHELF LIFE

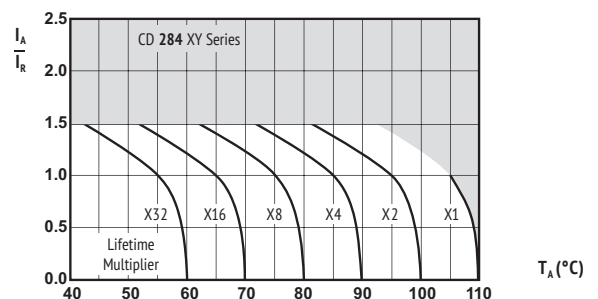
Lifetime	$\emptyset \leq 6,3$: 4 000h $\emptyset 8$: 6 000h $\emptyset 10$: 8 000h $\emptyset \geq 12,5$: 10 000h	$\emptyset \geq 8$: > 250 000h	$\emptyset \leq 6,3$: 2 000h $\emptyset 8$: 3 000h $\emptyset 10$: 4 000h $\emptyset \geq 12,5$: 5 000h	$\emptyset \leq 6,3$: 2 500h $\emptyset 8$: 3 500h $\emptyset 10$: 5 000h $\emptyset \geq 12,5$: 6 000h	1000h
Leakage Current	Not more than specified value		Not more than specified value	Not more than specified value	Not more than specified value
Capacitance Change	Within ± 50% of initial value		Within ± 25% of initial value	Within ± 25% of initial value	Within ± 20% of initial value
Dissipation Factor	Not more than 300% of specified value		Not more than 200% of specified value	Not more than 200% of specified value	Not more than 200% of specified value
Condition:					
Applied Voltage	U_R	U_R	U_R	U_R	$U_R = 0$
Applied Current	I_R	$1,4 \times I_R$	I_R	$I_R = 0$	$I_R = 0$
Applied Temperature	105°C	40°C	105°C	105°C	105°C
				IEC 60384	After test: U_R to be applied for 30 min > 24h before measurement

MULTIPLIER FOR RIPPLE CURRENT (FREQUENCY COEFFICIENT)

Capacitance (µF)	Frequency			
	120Hz	1kHz	10kHz	100kHz
6,8 ~ 33	0,42	0,70	0,90	1,00
39 ~ 270	0,50	0,73	0,92	1,00
330 ~ 680	0,55	0,88	0,98	1,00
820 ~ 1 800	0,66	0,90	0,99	1,00
2 200 ~ 16 800	0,70	0,92	1,00	1,00

Multipliers for typical operating conditions.

MULTIPLIER FOR LIFETIME (LIFETIME DIAGRAM)



I_A = actual ripple current at 100kHz,
 I_R = rated ripple current at 100kHz, 105°C
 Multiplier of Useful Life as a function of ambient temperature & ripple current load

ENVIRONMENTAL

The products are RoHS, WEEE and RECh compliant. The detailed version please see separate "Environmental Certificates" document or www.jianghai-europe.com

! SAFETY FACTOR

This diagram includes a safety margin. In many cases the allowed current capability/lifetime may be increased. For details and approvals please contact the Jianghai Europe sales office.





U _{RDC} (Surge Voltage) Code	C _R Rated Capacitance	ESR _{max} Equivalent Series Resistance	Z _{max} Max Impedance		tanδ Dissipation Factor	I _{leak} Leakage Current	I _{RAC} Rated Ripple Current	Size øD x L	ORDER CODE
			20°C 120Hz	20°C 100kHz					
(V)	(µF)	(Ω)	(Ω)	(Ω)		(µA)	(mA _{RMS})	(mm)	Details: Page 6
6,3 (7,2) 0J	150	1,95	0,300	1,00	0,22	10	250	5 x 11,5	ECR0JXY151M◇◇△△0511
	330	0,885	0,130	0,410	0,22	21	405	6,3 x 11,5	ECR0JXY331M◇◇△△0611
	560	0,522	0,072	0,220	0,22	36	760	8 x 11,5	ECR0JXY561M◇◇△△0811
	820	0,356	0,056	0,170	0,22	52	995	8 x 16	ECR0JXY821M◇◇△△0816
	1 000	0,292	0,053	0,160	0,22	63	1030	10 x 12,5	ECR0JXY102M◇◇△△1012
		0,244	0,041	0,130	0,22	76	1250	8 x 20	ECR0JXY122M◇◇△△0820
	1 200	0,244	0,038	0,120	0,22	76	1430	10 x 16	ECR0JXY122M◇◇△△1016
		0,195	0,023	0,069	0,22	95	1820	10 x 20	ECR0JXY152M◇◇△△1020
	1 500	0,145	0,022	0,066	0,24	139	2150	10 x 25	ECR0JXY222M◇◇△△1025
	2 200	0,105	0,021	0,053	0,26	208	2360	12,5 x 20	ECR0JXY332M◇◇△△1220
	3 300	0,089	0,018	0,045	0,26	246	2770	12,5 x 25	ECR0JXY392M◇◇△△1225
	4 700	0,080	0,016	0,041	0,28	297	3290	12,5 x 30	ECR0JXY472M◇◇△△1230
	5 600	0,072	0,015	0,039	0,30	353	3400	12,5 x 35	ECR0JXY562M◇◇△△1235
		0,072	0,018	0,045	0,30	353	3140	16 x 20	ECR0JXY562M◇◇△△1620
	6 800	0,063	0,016	0,043	0,32	429	3460	16 x 25	ECR0JXY682M◇◇△△1625
	10 (13) 1A	100	2,52	0,300	1,00	0,19	10	250	5 x 11,5
220		1,15	0,130	0,410	0,19	22	405	6,3 x 11,5	ECR1AXY221M◇◇△△0611
470		0,537	0,072	0,220	0,19	47	760	8 x 11,5	ECR1AXY471M◇◇△△0811
680		0,371	0,056	0,170	0,19	68	995	8 x 16	ECR1AXY681M◇◇△△0816
		0,371	0,053	0,160	0,19	68	1030	10 x 12,5	ECR1AXY681M◇◇△△1012
1 000		0,252	0,041	0,130	0,19	100	1250	8 x 20	ECR1AXY102M◇◇△△0820
		0,252	0,038	0,120	0,19	100	1430	10 x 16	ECR1AXY102M◇◇△△1016
1 200		0,210	0,023	0,069	0,19	120	1820	10 x 20	ECR1AXY122M◇◇△△1020
1 500		0,168	0,022	0,066	0,19	150	2150	10 x 25	ECR1AXY152M◇◇△△1025
2 200		0,127	0,021	0,053	0,21	220	2360	12,5 x 20	ECR1AXY222M◇◇△△1220
3 300		0,093	0,018	0,045	0,23	330	2770	12,5 x 25	ECR1AXY332M◇◇△△1225
3 900		0,079	0,016	0,041	0,23	390	3290	12,5 x 30	ECR1AXY392M◇◇△△1230
		0,079	0,018	0,045	0,23	390	3140	16 x 20	ECR1AXY392M◇◇△△1620
4 700		0,071	0,015	0,039	0,25	470	3400	12,5 x 35	ECR1AXY472M◇◇△△1235
5 600		0,064	0,016	0,043	0,27	560	3460	16 x 25	ECR1AXY562M◇◇△△1625
16 (20) 1C		56	3,79	0,300	1,00	0,16	9	250	5 x 11,5
	120	1,77	0,130	0,410	0,16	20	405	6,3 x 11,5	ECR1CXY121M◇◇△△0611
	330	0,644	0,072	0,220	0,16	53	760	8 x 11,5	ECR1CXY331M◇◇△△0811
	470	0,452	0,056	0,170	0,16	76	995	8 x 16	ECR1CXY471M◇◇△△0816
		0,452	0,053	0,160	0,16	76	1030	10 x 12,5	ECR1CXY471M◇◇△△1012
	680	0,313	0,041	0,130	0,16	109	1250	8 x 20	ECR1CXY681M◇◇△△0820
		0,313	0,038	0,120	0,16	109	1430	10 x 16	ECR1CXY681M◇◇△△1016
	1 000	0,213	0,023	0,069	0,16	160	1820	10 x 20	ECR1CXY102M◇◇△△1020
	1 200	0,177	0,022	0,066	0,16	192	2150	10 x 25	ECR1CXY122M◇◇△△1025
	1 500	0,142	0,021	0,053	0,16	240	2360	12,5 x 20	ECR1CXY152M◇◇△△1220
	2 200	0,109	0,018	0,045	0,18	352	2770	12,5 x 25	ECR1CXY222M◇◇△△1225
	2 700	0,089	0,016	0,041	0,18	432	3290	12,5 x 30	ECR1CXY272M◇◇△△1230
		0,089	0,018	0,045	0,18	432	3140	16 x 20	ECR1CXY272M◇◇△△1620
	3 300	0,081	0,015	0,039	0,20	528	3400	12,5 x 35	ECR1CXY332M◇◇△△1235
	3 900	0,069	0,016	0,043	0,20	624	3460	16 x 25	ECR1CXY392M◇◇△△1625
	25 (32) 1E	47	3,96	0,300	1,00	0,14	12	250	5 x 11,5
100		1,86	0,130	0,410	0,14	25	405	6,3 x 11,5	ECR1EXY101M◇◇△△0611
220		0,845	0,072	0,220	0,14	55	760	8 x 11,5	ECR1EXY221M◇◇△△0811
		0,845	0,072	0,220	0,14	55	760	8 x 11,5	ECR1EXY221M◇◇△△0811
330		0,563	0,056	0,170	0,14	83	995	8 x 16	ECR1EXY331M◇◇△△0816
		0,563	0,053	0,160	0,14	83	1030	10 x 12,5	ECR1EXY331M◇◇△△1012
470		0,396	0,041	0,130	0,14	118	1250	8 x 20	ECR1EXY471M◇◇△△0820
		0,396	0,041	0,130	0,14	118	1250	8 x 20	ECR1EXY471M◇◇△△0820
		0,396	0,038	0,120	0,14	118	1430	10 x 16	ECR1EXY471M◇◇△△1016
680		0,274	0,023	0,069	0,14	170	1820	10 x 20	ECR1EXY681M◇◇△△1020
820		0,227	0,022	0,066	0,14	205	2150	10 x 25	ECR1EXY821M◇◇△△1025
1 000		0,186	0,021	0,053	0,14	250	2360	12,5 x 20	ECR1EXY102M◇◇△△1220
1 500		0,124	0,018	0,045	0,14	375	2770	12,5 x 25	ECR1EXY152M◇◇△△1225
1 800		0,104	0,016	0,041	0,14	450	3290	12,5 x 30	ECR1EXY182M◇◇△△1230
		0,104	0,018	0,045	0,14	450	3140	16 x 20	ECR1EXY182M◇◇△△1620
2 200		0,097	0,015	0,039	0,16	550	3400	12,5 x 35	ECR1EXY222M◇◇△△1235
2 700		0,079	0,016	0,043	0,16	675	3460	16 x 25	ECR1EXY272M◇◇△△1625

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U _{RDC} (Surge Voltage) Code	C _R Rated Capacitance	ESR _{max} Equivalent Series Resistance	Z _{max} Max Impedance		tanδ Dissipation Factor	I _{leak} Leakage Current	I _{RAC} Rated Ripple Current	Size øD x L	ORDER CODE	
			20°C 120Hz	20°C 100kHz						-10°C 100kHz
(V)	(µF)	(Ω)	(Ω)	(Ω)		(µA)	(mA _{RMS})	(mm)	Details: Page 6	
35 (44) 1V	33	4,82	0,300	1,00	0,12	12	250	5 x 11,5	ECR1VXY330M◇◇◇◇0511	
	56	2,85	0,130	0,410	0,12	20	405	6,3 x 11,5	ECR1VXY560M◇◇◇◇0611	
	150	1,07	0,072	0,220	0,12	53	760	8 x 11,5	ECR1VXY151M◇◇◇◇0811	
	220	0,724	0,056	0,170	0,12	77	995	8 x 16	ECR1VXY221M◇◇◇◇0816	
		0,724	0,053	0,160	0,12	77	1030	10 x 12,5	ECR1VXY221M◇◇◇◇1012	
	270	0,590	0,041	0,130	0,12	95	1250	8 x 20	ECR1VXY271M◇◇◇◇0820	
	330	0,483	0,038	0,120	0,12	116	1430	10 x 16	ECR1VXY331M◇◇◇◇1016	
	470	0,339	0,023	0,069	0,12	165	1820	10 x 20	ECR1VXY471M◇◇◇◇1020	
	560	0,285	0,022	0,066	0,12	196	2150	10 x 25	ECR1VXY561M◇◇◇◇1025	
	680	0,235	0,021	0,053	0,12	238	2360	12,5 x 20	ECR1VXY681M◇◇◇◇1220	
	1 000	0,160	0,018	0,045	0,12	350	2770	12,5 x 25	ECR1VXY102M◇◇◇◇1225	
		0,133	0,016	0,041	0,12	420	3290	12,5 x 30	ECR1VXY122M◇◇◇◇1230	
	1 200	0,133	0,018	0,045	0,12	420	3140	16 x 20	ECR1VXY122M◇◇◇◇1620	
		0,107	0,015	0,039	0,12	525	3400	12,5 x 35	ECR1VXY152M◇◇◇◇1235	
	1 800	0,089	0,016	0,043	0,12	630	3460	16 x 25	ECR1VXY182M◇◇◇◇1625	
	50 (63) 1H	22	6,3	0,340	1,18	0,10	11	238	5 x 11,5	ECR1HXY220M◇◇◇◇0511
56		2,37	0,140	0,500	0,10	28	385	6,3 x 11,5	ECR1HXY560M◇◇◇◇0611	
100		1,33	0,074	0,220	0,10	50	724	8 x 11,5	ECR1HXY101M◇◇◇◇0811	
120		1,11	0,061	0,180	0,10	60	950	8 x 16	ECR1HXY121M◇◇◇◇0816	
150		0,885	0,061	0,180	0,10	75	979	10 x 12,5	ECR1HXY151M◇◇◇◇1012	
180		0,737	0,046	0,140	0,10	90	1190	8 x 20	ECR1HXY181M◇◇◇◇0820	
220		0,603	0,042	0,120	0,10	110	1370	10 x 16	ECR1HXY221M◇◇◇◇1016	
270		0,492	0,030	0,090	0,10	135	1580	10 x 20	ECR1HXY271M◇◇◇◇1020	
330		0,402	0,028	0,085	0,10	165	1870	10 x 25	ECR1HXY331M◇◇◇◇1025	
560		0,237	0,023	0,059	0,10	280	2410	12,5 x 25	ECR1HXY561M◇◇◇◇1225	
680		0,196	0,021	0,052	0,10	340	2860	12,5 x 30	ECR1HXY681M◇◇◇◇1230	
820		0,162	0,019	0,051	0,10	410	2960	12,5 x 35	ECR1HXY821M◇◇◇◇1235	
		0,162	0,023	0,059	0,10	410	2730	16 x 20	ECR1HXY821M◇◇◇◇1620	
1 000		0,133	0,021	0,056	0,10	500	3010	16 x 25	ECR1HXY102M◇◇◇◇1625	
63 (79) 1J		15	7,96	0,880	3,50	0,09	10	165	5 x 11,5	ECR1JXY150M◇◇◇◇0511
		33	3,62	0,350	1,40	0,09	21	265	6,3 x 11,5	ECR1JXY330M◇◇◇◇0611
	56	2,14	0,220	0,880	0,09	36	500	8 x 11,5	ECR1JXY560M◇◇◇◇0811	
	82	1,46	0,160	0,640	0,09	52	665	8 x 16	ECR1JXY820M◇◇◇◇0816	
		1,46	0,150	0,600	0,09	52	685	10 x 12,5	ECR1JXY820M◇◇◇◇1012	
	120	0,995	0,120	0,480	0,09	76	820	8 x 20	ECR1JXY121M◇◇◇◇0820	
		0,995	0,110	0,440	0,09	76	945	10 x 16	ECR1JXY121M◇◇◇◇1016	
	180	0,664	0,080	0,320	0,09	114	1100	10 x 20	ECR1JXY181M◇◇◇◇1020	
		0,664	0,082	0,270	0,09	114	1135	12,5 x 16	ECR1JXY181M◇◇◇◇1216	
	220	0,543	0,073	0,290	0,09	139	1300	10 x 25	ECR1JXY221M◇◇◇◇1025	
	270	0,443	0,060	0,200	0,09	171	1495	12,5 x 20	ECR1JXY271M◇◇◇◇1220	
	330	0,362	0,043	0,140	0,09	208	1850	12,5 x 25	ECR1JXY331M◇◇◇◇1225	
	470	0,254	0,039	0,130	0,09	297	2250	12,5 x 30	ECR1JXY471M◇◇◇◇1230	
		0,254	0,045	0,140	0,09	297	1990	16 x 20	ECR1JXY471M◇◇◇◇1620	
	560	0,214	0,033	0,110	0,09	353	2450	12,5 x 35	ECR1JXY561M◇◇◇◇1235	
		0,214	0,032	0,096	0,09	353	2550	16 x 25	ECR1JXY561M◇◇◇◇1625	
	680	0,176	0,029	0,096	0,09	429	2780	12,5 x 40	ECR1JXY681M◇◇◇◇1240	
		0,176	0,038	0,100	0,09	429	2450	18 x 20	ECR1JXY681M◇◇◇◇1820	
	820	0,146	0,026	0,078	0,09	517	2810	16 x 31,5	ECR1JXY821M◇◇◇◇1631	
		0,146	0,031	0,084	0,09	517	2780	18 x 25	ECR1JXY821M◇◇◇◇1825	
	1 000	0,120	0,021	0,063	0,09	630	2835	16 x 35,5	ECR1JXY102M◇◇◇◇1635	
		0,120	0,025	0,068	0,09	630	3270	18 x 31,5	ECR1JXY102M◇◇◇◇1831	
	1 200	0,100	0,019	0,057	0,09	756	3340	16 x 40	ECR1JXY122M◇◇◇◇1640	
		0,100	0,020	0,054	0,09	756	3310	18 x 35,5	ECR1JXY122M◇◇◇◇1835	
1 500	0,080	0,018	0,049	0,09	945	3420	18 x 40	ECR1JXY152M◇◇◇◇1840		
100 (125) 2A	6,8	16,6	1,40	5,60	0,08	7	125	5 x 11,5	ECR2AXY68M◇◇◇◇0511	
	15	7,08	0,570	2,30	0,08	15	205	6,3 x 11,5	ECR2AXY150M◇◇◇◇0611	
	27	3,93	0,360	1,40	0,08	27	355	8 x 11,5	ECR2AXY270M◇◇◇◇0811	
	39	2,73	0,250	1,00	0,08	39	450	8 x 16	ECR2AXY390M◇◇◇◇0816	
	47	2,26	0,240	0,960	0,08	47	450	10 x 12,5	ECR2AXY470M◇◇◇◇1012	
	56	1,90	0,190	0,760	0,08	56	565	8 x 20	ECR2AXY560M◇◇◇◇0820	
	68	1,57	0,180	0,720	0,08	68	580	10 x 16	ECR2AXY680M◇◇◇◇1016	
	82	1,30	0,130	0,520	0,08	82	750	10 x 20	ECR2AXY820M◇◇◇◇1020	
		1,30	0,130	0,430	0,08	82	735	12,5 x 16	ECR2AXY820M◇◇◇◇1216	
	100	1,07	0,120	0,480	0,08	100	880	10 x 25	ECR2AXY101M◇◇◇◇1025	





U_{RDC} (Surge Voltage) Code	C_R Rated Capacitance	ESR_{max} Equivalent Series Resistance	Z_{max} Max Impedance	Z_{max} Max Impedance	$\tan\delta$ Dissipation Factor	I_{leak} Leakage Current	I_{RAC} Rated Ripple Current	Size $\varnothing D \times L$	ORDER CODE ◇◇ = pin style & length △△ = pitch code Details: Page 6
(V)	(μF)	20°C 120Hz (Ω)	20°C 100kHz (Ω)	-10°C 100kHz (Ω)	20°C 120Hz	(μA)	105°C 100kHz (mA _{RMS})	(mm)	
100 (125) 2A	120	0,885	0,094	0,310	0,08	120	1045	12,5 x 20	ECR2AXY121M◇◇△△1220
	180	0,590	0,071	0,230	0,08	180	1195	12,5 x 25	ECR2AXY181M◇◇△△1225
	220	0,483	0,063	0,210	0,08	220	1410	12,5 x 30	ECR2AXY221M◇◇△△1230
		0,483	0,071	0,210	0,08	220	1295	16 x 20	ECR2AXY221M◇◇△△1620
	270	0,393	0,052	0,170	0,08	270	1560	12,5 x 35	ECR2AXY271M◇◇△△1235
		0,393	0,053	0,160	0,08	270	1600	16 x 25	ECR2AXY271M◇◇△△1625
		0,393	0,069	0,190	0,08	270	1470	18 x 20	ECR2AXY271M◇◇△△1820
	330	0,322	0,046	0,150	0,08	330	1700	12,5 x 40	ECR2AXY331M◇◇△△1240
	390	0,273	0,041	0,120	0,08	390	1750	16 x 31,5	ECR2AXY391M◇◇△△1631
		0,273	0,049	0,130	0,08	390	1620	18 x 25	ECR2AXY391M◇◇△△1825
	470	0,226	0,033	0,100	0,08	470	1890	16 x 35,5	ECR2AXY471M◇◇△△1635
		0,226	0,039	0,110	0,08	470	1775	18 x 31,5	ECR2AXY471M◇◇△△1831
	560	0,190	0,030	0,090	0,08	560	2080	16 x 40	ECR2AXY561M◇◇△△1640
		0,190	0,031	0,084	0,08	560	2060	18 x 35,5	ECR2AXY561M◇◇△△1835
	680	0,157	0,028	0,076	0,08	680	2570	18 x 40	ECR2AXY681M◇◇△△1840





ORDER CODE FOR RADIAL CAPACITORS

EC	R	2G	QX	221	M	LL	50	1012	-	-	JExxxxx								
Techno-logy	Terminal Type	Rated Voltage Code	Series Code	Capacitance Code	Capacitance Tolerance	Terminal Style	Terminal / Pitch	Dimension (mm)	Material Code	Rubber Type	for Specials only								
EC Electrolytic Capacitor	Radial R	6,3V	0J	CD 110	PT	0,1	0R1	±20%	M	Taped	FF	2,0mm	20	4x7	0407	Standard	-	Standard	-
		10V	1A	CD 11GL	GL	0,47	R47	±10%	K	Long Lead	LL	2,5mm	25	5x11,5	0511	PVC	V	Flat Rubber	F
		16V	1C	CD 261	LK	1,0	010	+30 / -10%	Q	Cut 5,0mm	CB	3,5mm	35	10x20	1020	PET	E	Stand-Off	S
		20V	1D	CD 261L	DE	2,2	2R2	+20 / -0%	R	Cut 4,5mm	CC	5,0mm	50	12,5x25	1225				
		25V	1E	CD 261X	QX	100	101	±15%	L	Cut 4,0mm	CD	7,5mm	75						
		35V	1V	CD 263	BK	1000	102	+20 / -10%	V	Cut 3,5mm	CE	10,0mm	10						
		40V	1G	CD 269	PH	10 000	103	■ = preferred		Cut 3,0mm	CF	12,5mm	12						
		50V	1H	CD 269L	HL														
		63V	1J	CD 281	LL														
		80V	1K	CD 281L	LH														
		100V	2A	CD 282L	YL														
		125V	2B	CD 282X	EQ														
		160V	2C	CD 284	XY														
		180V	2K	CD 284L	LY														
		200V	2D	CD 285	HY														
		250V	2E	CD 287	GC														
		350V	2V	CD 28L	QL														
		385V	2J																
		400V	2G																
		415V	2P																
		420V	2X																
		450V	2W																
		500V	2H																
		550V	2Y																
575V	2Z																		
600V	2S																		
630V	J2																		

On request:
Alternative lead forms
(keyed polarity, 90° bended, others)

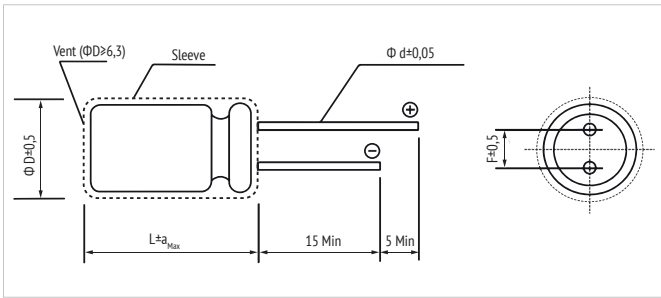
Packaging:
Taped: ammopack
Long lead & cut: bulk





DIMENSIONS FOR LOOSE, LONG-LEAD TYPE (BULK)

· ORDER CODE: LL



L	L ≤ 7					L ≥ 11									
	3	4	5	6,3	8	5	6,3	8	10	12,5	16	18	20	22	25
Ø D	3	4	5	6,3	8	5	6,3	8	10	12,5	16	18	20	22	25
F	1,0	1,5	2,0	2,5	3,5	2,0	2,5	3,5	5,0	7,5		10,0		12,5	
Ø d	0,4	0,45		0,5		0,6		0,8		1,0					
a _{Max}	1,0		2,0				2,5								

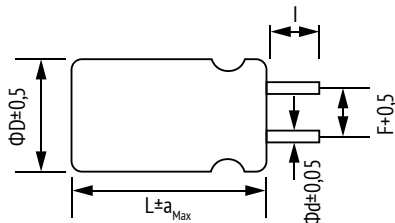
For diameter 20 pitch 7,5 or 10.

in mm

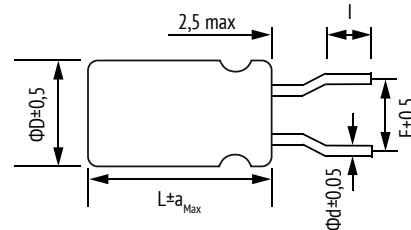
DIMENSIONS FOR LOOSE, SHORT CUT LEADS (BULK)

· ORDER CODE: CC (CB, CD, CE, CF)

STRAIGHT LEAD



BENDE LEAD



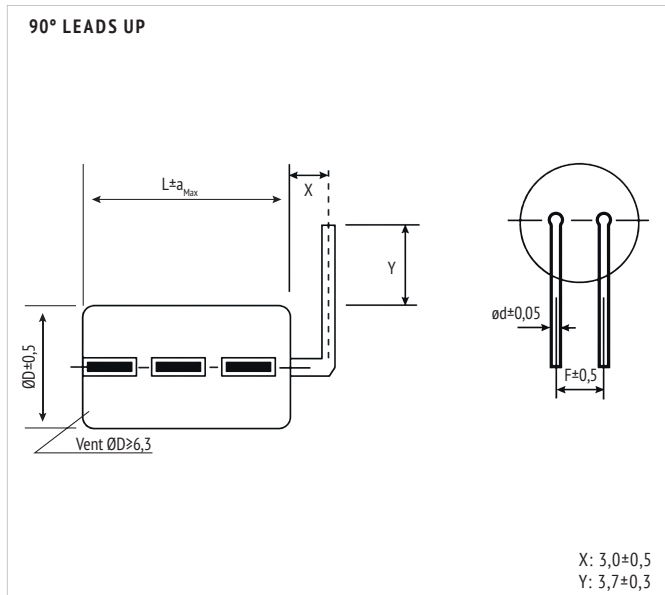
Code	CB	CC	CD	CE	CF
I	5,0 ± 0,5	4,5 ± 0,5	4,0 ± 0,5	3,5 ± 0,5	3,0 ± 0,5

■ = preferred

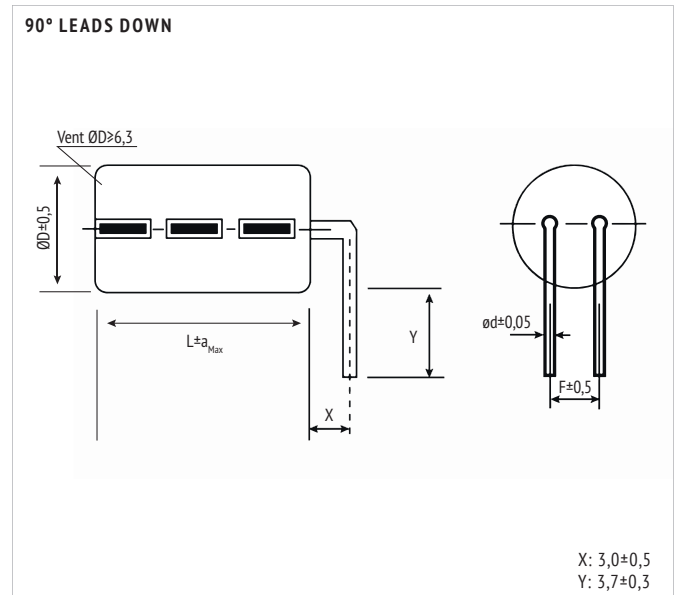
in mm

EXAMPLE OF ALTERNATIVE BENDINGS

· ORDER CODE: WS



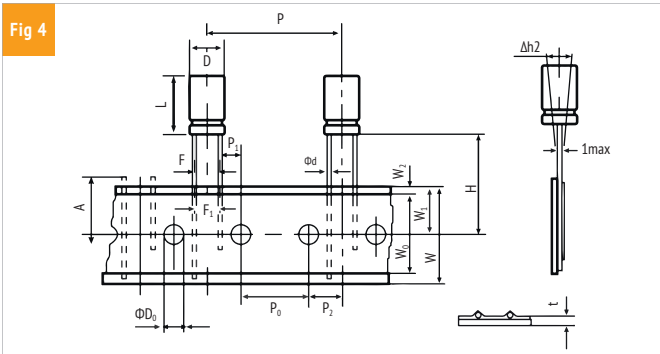
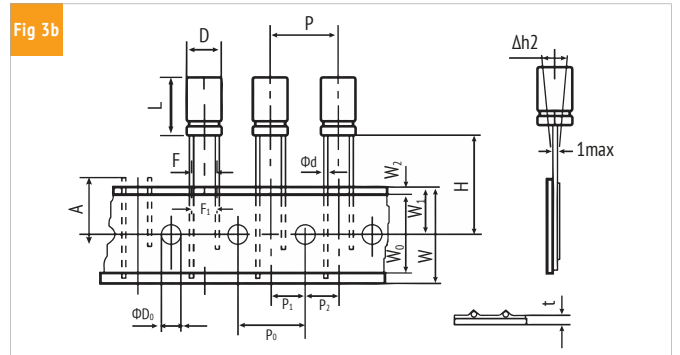
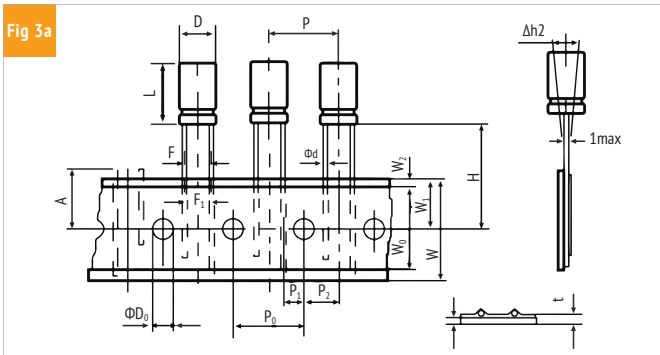
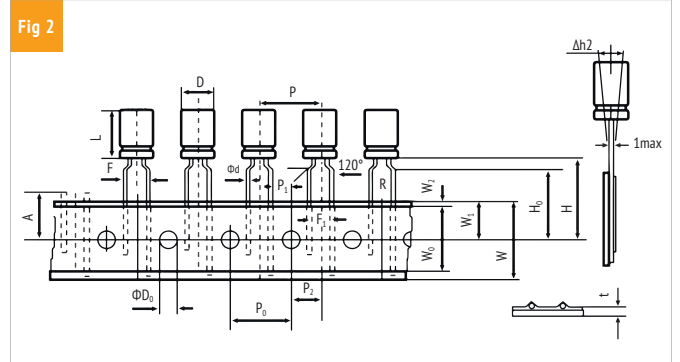
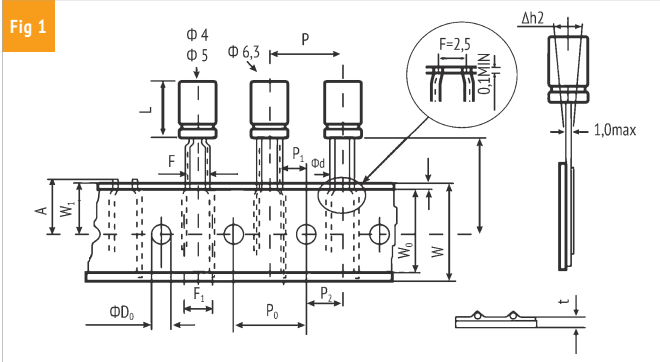
· ORDER CODE: WX





DIMENSIONS FOR AMMOPACK TAPING FOR ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITORS

· ORDER CODE: FF (FD)



OTHER TAPING STYLES AVAILABLE ON REQUEST.

ITEM	D	L	Ød	P	P ₀	P ₁	P ₂	F	F ₁	W	W ₀	W ₁	W ₂	H	H ₀	A	ØD ₀	Δh ₂	t	Fig.	Taping Code
ToL.	± 0,5	± 2,0	± 0,05	± 1,0	± 0,2	± 0,5	± 1,0	+0,8 -0,2	± 1,0	± 0,5	min	± 0,5	max	+0,75 -0,5	± 0,5	max	± 0,5	max	± 0,2		
Nominal	4	7	0,45	12,7	12,7	5,1	6,35	2,5	3,5	18,0	10,0	9,0	1,5	18,5	-	11,0	4,0	1,0	0,7	1	FF
						3,85		5	5					17,5	16,0					2	FF
	5	7	0,45	12,7	12,7	5,1	6,35	2,5	3,5	18,0	10,0	9,0	1,5	18,5	-	11,0	4,0	1,0	0,7	1	FF
						3,85		5	5					17,5	16,0					2	FF
	5	11,5-15	0,5	12,7	12,7	5,1	6,35	2,5	3,5	18,0	10,0	9,0	1,5	18,5	-	11,0	4,0	1,0	0,7	1	FF
						3,85		5	5					16,0	16,0					2	FF
	6,3	7	0,45	12,7	12,7	5,1	6,35	2,5	3,5	18,0	10,0	9,0	1,5	18,5	-	11,0	4,0	1,0	0,7	1	FF
						3,85		5	5					17,5	16,0					2	FF
	6,3	11,5-15	0,5	12,7	12,7	5,1	6,35	2,5	3,5	18,0	10,0	9,0	1,5	18,5	-	11,0	4,0	1,0	0,7	1	FF
						3,85		5	5					16,0	16,0					2	FF
	8	11,5-20	0,6	12,7	12,7	4,6	6,35	3,5	3,5	18,0	10,0	9,0	1,5	18,5	-	11,0	4,0	1,0	0,7	3a	FF
						3,85		5	5					20,0	16,0					2	FF
10	12,5-36	0,6	12,7	12,7	3,85	6,35	5	5	18,0	10,0	9,0	1,5	18,5	-	11,0	4,0	1,0	0,7	3b	FF	
12,5	15-36	0,6	15	15	5,0	7,5	5	5	18,0	12,0	9,0	1,5	18,5	-	11,0	4,0	1,0	0,7	3b	FF	
			25,4	12,7	3,85	6,35															
16	15-31,5	0,8	30	15	3,75	7,5	7,5	7,5	18,0	12,0	9,0	1,5	18,5	-	11,0	4,0	1,0	0,7	4	FD	
18	15-25,5	0,8	30	15	3,75	7,5	7,5	7,5	18,0	12,0	9,0	1,5	18,5	-	11,0	4,0	1,0	0,7	4	FD	

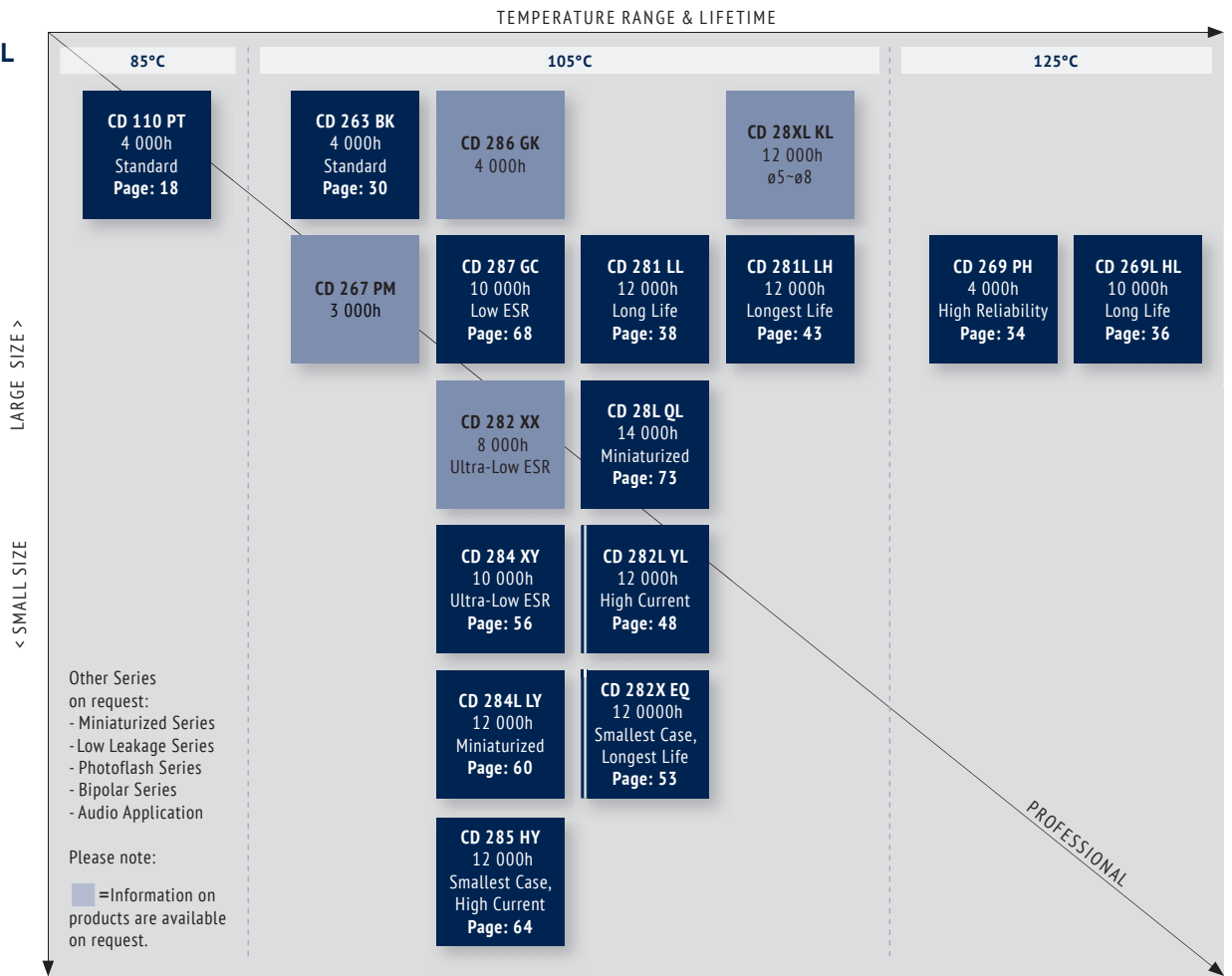
Other taping styles available on request

in mm

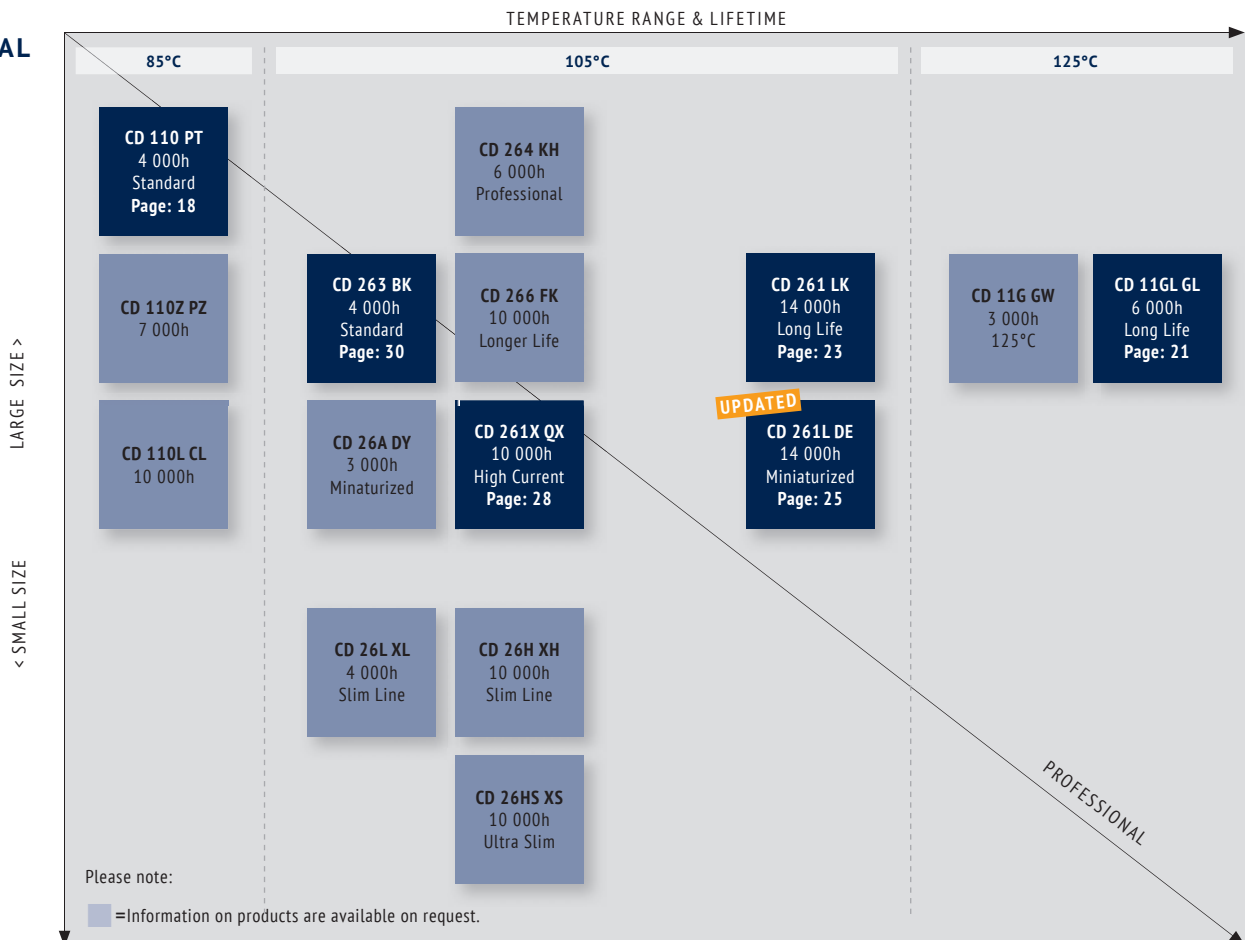




**RADIAL
6,3V
~
100V**



**RADIAL
160V
~
550V**



LIFETIME ESTIMATION OF ALUMINUM ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITORS FROM JIANGHAI

To estimate the Lifetime of a non-solid Aluminum Electrolytic Capacitor from Jianghai, the following formulas can be utilized. The Lifetime depends mainly on the ambient temperature, the ripple current and, within certain limits, the operating voltage applied. Other parameters may also affect the Lifetime. Moreover, L_0 can be interpreted in many different ways, which has a fundamental influence on the numerical result. Jianghai offers a high transparency by publishing the different typical definitions of Lifetimes in each datasheet. Lifetime estimations are approximations by nature. Please let JIANGHAI EUROPE confirm any result before using it. The formulas given here do not constitute part of a contract nor of a specification. The formulas do not cover additional aging effects of certain electrolytic systems or other chemical effects. Also the dimensions of the components may have an effect. Forced cooling or other additional cooling-methods have a strong impact on the Lifetime and are not covered by the formulas as defined. For the estimation and interpretation of Lifetime, a close collaboration with JIANGHAI EUROPE is strongly advised.

STRUCTURAL FORMULA

$$L = L_0 \cdot K_T \cdot K_R \cdot K_V$$

WHERE:

- L Total Lifetime
- L_0 Lifetime under Nominal Load at Upper Category Temperature (see catalogue)
- K_T Temperature Factor
- K_R Ripple Current Factor
- K_V Voltage Factor

K_T TEMPERATURE FACTOR

Aluminum Electrolytic Capacitors follow roughly the 10 K rule of Arrhenius. It is possible to estimate the Lifetime by rule of thumb: When the operational temperature is reduced by 10 K, the Lifetime will double. The formula for K_T in detail is:

$$K_T = 2^{\frac{T_0 - T_A}{10K}}$$

WHERE:

- T_0 Rated Temperature
- T_A Ambient Temperature

K_R RIPPLE CURRENT FACTOR

To estimate the influence of ripple current on lifetime, Jianghai uses a safety factor K_i . Under certain conditions this value can be set to $K_i=2$, which is prolonging the lifetime. Please contact Jianghai Europe for details and approval.

$$K_R = K_i^A \frac{\Delta T_0}{10K}$$

WITH:

$$A = 1 - \left(\frac{I_A}{I_R} \right)^2$$

WHERE:

- I_A Actual Rated Ripple Current
- I_R Ripple Current at Upper Category Temperature (databook value)
- ΔT_0 Core Temperature Rise of the capacitor (typically 3,5 ~ 5 K for $T_0 = 105^\circ\text{C}$ and 3,5 ~ 10K for $T_0 = 85^\circ\text{C}$, see databook value)
- K_i Basis, typically defined as

$T_0 = 105^\circ\text{C}$	$I_A > I_R$:	$K_i=4$
	$I_A \leq I_R$:	$K_i=2$
$T_0 = 85^\circ\text{C}$		$K_i=2$



Remark: Safety Factor K_i may be set as $K_i=2$ under certain defined conditions. Please contact Jianghai Europe for approval.

K_V VOLTAGE FACTOR

For Radial Electrolytic Capacitors, this part of the formula has no impact ($K_V = 1$). But for some bigger capacitors like Snap-In and Screw-Terminal types with rated voltages above 160V, the operating voltage will affect their Lifetime. It is expressed as follows:

FOR:

$$0,6 \leq \frac{U_A}{U_R} \leq 1$$

$$K_V = \left(\frac{U_A}{U_R} \right)^{-2,5}$$

WHERE:

- U_A Actual Operating Voltage
- U_R Rated Voltage



FOR:

$$0 < \frac{U_A}{U_R} < 0,6$$

$$K_V = 3,59$$

FOR:

$$\frac{U_A}{U_R} > 1 \text{ not allowed}$$

$$K_V = 1$$

FOR: Radial Capacitors or $U_R \leq 160V$

$$K_V = 1$$

FREQUENCY CORRECTION FACTORS:

If the actual Ripple Currents are not given at the same frequency like I_{σ} , correction factors need to be applied.

$$I_A = \sqrt{\left(\frac{I_{f1}}{F_{f1}}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{I_{f2}}{F_{f2}}\right)^2 + \dots + \left(\frac{I_{fn}}{F_{fn}}\right)^2}$$

JIANGHAI ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITOR LIFETIME

ESTIMATION FORMULA (incl. Safety Factors):

$$L = L_0 \cdot 2^{\frac{T_0 - T_A}{10K}} \cdot K_i \left[1 - \left(\frac{I_A}{I_R}\right)^2 \right]^{\frac{\Delta T_0}{10K}} \cdot \underbrace{\left(\frac{U_A}{U_R}\right)^{-n}}_{K_V}$$

WITH TYPICAL VALUES:

$$T_0 = 105^\circ C \quad I_A > I_R : K_i = 4$$

$$I_A \leq I_R : K_i = 2$$

$$T_0 = 85^\circ C \quad K_i = 2$$

$\Delta T_0 =$ depending on the series: 3,5~10K,
see databook value

$$0,6 \leq \frac{U_A}{U_R} \leq 1 \rightarrow n = 2,5$$

$$0 < \frac{U_A}{U_R} < 0,6 \rightarrow K_V = \left(\frac{U_A}{U_R}\right)^{-n} = 3,59$$

For $U_R \leq 160V$, Radial and

$$\frac{U_A}{U_R} > 1 \rightarrow K_V = 1$$

HANDLING PRECAUTIONS FOR ALUMINUM ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITORS FROM JIANGHAI

WARNING

JIANGHAI is not liable for any extent of possible injuries or damages to persons or things, of any kind, caused by the improper application of and/or operating conditions harmful to electrolytic capacitors. Misapplications which may cause failures include, but are not limited to: ripple current or peak current or voltage above specification, operating voltage above surge voltage specified, temperature exposure outside the specified operating temperature range. Examples of harmful operating conditions comprise, but are not limited to: unusual storage or transport temperatures, excessive and/or rapid changes of ambient temperature or humidity, heavy mechanical shock or vibration, corrosive and abrasive particles in the ambient (cooling) air, conducting dust in the ambient (cooling) air, oil or water vapor or corrosive substances, explosive gas or dust, operation under extremely high or low ambient pressure conditions (below or above sea level), superimposed radio frequency voltages, radioactivity. In case of doubt about the impact of operating conditions on capacitor performance, please contact JIANGHAI.

PERSONAL SAFETY

Electrical or mechanical misapplication of electrolytic capacitors may be hazardous. Personal injury or property damage may result from explosion of a capacitor or from the expulsion of electrolyte due to mechanical disruption or the release of a safety vent of a capacitor. In case of injury or skin or eye exposure to electrolyte, immediately seek professional medical advice. Before using electrolytic capacitors in any application, please read these Handling Precautions, familiarizing thoroughly with the information contained herein. Please check before using any of our electrolytic capacitors if these components fulfill the requirements of your application and that warnings and instructions for use are followed.

WARRANTY

The information contained in this catalogue does not form part of any quotation or contract, is believed to be accurate, reliable and up to date. Quality data are based on the statistical evaluations of a large quantity of parts and do not constitute a guarantee in a legal sense. However, agreement on these specifications does mean that the customer may claim for replacement of individual defective capacitors within the terms of delivery. We will not assume any liability beyond the replacement of defective components. This applies in particular to any consequential damage caused by component failure. Furthermore it must be taken into consideration that the figures stated for lifetime, failure rates and outlier percentages refer to the average production status and are therefore to be understood as mean values (statistic expectations) for a large number of delivery lots of identical capacitors. These figures are based on application experience and data obtained from preceding tests under normal conditions, or – for purpose of accelerated aging – more severe conditions. JIANGHAI reserves the right to change these specifications without prior notice. Any application information given is advisory and does not form part of any specification. The products are not primarily designed for use in life support applications, devices or systems where malfunction of these products can reasonably be expected to result in personal injury. JIANGHAI customers using or selling these products for use in such applications without prior written consent of JIANGHAI do so at their own risk and agree fully to indemnify JIANGHAI for any damage resulting from such improper use or sale. This version of the catalogue supersedes all previous versions. Latest versions of datasheets can be found on our homepage: www.jianghai-europe.com. For more details on precautions and guidelines for aluminum electrolytic capacitors, please refer to CENELEC Technical Report CLC/TR 50454:2008 E, "Guide for the application of aluminum electrolytic capacitors".

POLARITY

Electrolytic capacitors are polar and shall never be used with incorrect polarity, as there is a possible danger of shorting or destruction.

RATED VOLTAGE U_R

The rated voltage is marked on the capacitor and defined in the datasheets as U_R . This voltage should never be exceeded and is the maximum peak voltage including any ripple voltages allowed to avoid a shortening of the lifetime or damage of the capacitor. When a ripple current is applied to the capacitor, the sum of the peak ripple voltage and bias DC voltage shall never exceed the rated voltage. It might be necessary to lower the maximum allowed bias DC voltage, when certain ripple currents are applied to the capacitor.

SURGE VOLTAGE

Maximum voltage, which may be applied to the capacitor for short periods of time: max. 1000 cycles of 30 sec. per 6 min., max. 5 pulses per hour. Capacitance drift +/- 15% max.

REVERSE VOLTAGE

Reverse voltages or voltages < 0V are not allowed.





RECOVERY VOLTAGE

Electric potential between the positive and negative terminal may exist as a result of dielectric absorption. Please take action that this load does not damage other devices or scare workers during the production process (sparks possible). If needed please discharge the capacitor through a 1kΩ resistor.

TEMPERATURE RANGE

Use electrolytic capacitors only within the specified operating temperature range.

OVER-CURRENT

Currents exceeding the rated ripple currents should be avoided.

RIPPLE CURRENT/VOLTAGE

The combined value of DC voltage and peak AC voltage (due to ripple current) shall not exceed the rated voltage and shall never be < 0V. Use of aluminum electrolytic capacitors under ripple current with wide amplitudes is equivalent to rapid charge-discharge operation.

RAPID CHARGING/DISCHARGING

Rapid charging/discharging generates severe heat and gas may be emitted which may lead to explosion. Consult JIANGHAI about specially designed capacitors suitable for such kind of applications. Example: Servo Drive Application

BALANCING RESISTORS

Balancing resistors should be utilized if capacitors are used in serial connection. Please choose low-tolerance resistors to limit voltage drift.

CHARGE-DISCHARGE PROOF

JIANGHAI capacitors are charge-discharge proof, which means that 10⁶ switching cycles will cause capacitance reduction of less than 10%.

LIFETIME

There are many different lifetime definitions known without any true standard definition. Take special care when capacitors are compared that the capacitors fulfill the needed requirements. JIANGHAI publishes all conditions to be as transparent as possible. In the case of lifetime tests with additional ripple currents, the bias DC voltage must be reduced, so that the sum of bias DC voltage and the peak of the ripple voltage does not exceed the Rated Voltage U_R .

Load life: Period of time, during which the technical parameters of all capacitors stay within the given limits. JIANGHAI defines this without allowing for outliers.

Useful life: Defined like load life, but with a larger range of parameter change.

Endurance test: IEC 60384-4 defines the acceptable drift criteria of electrical parameters after the endurance tests (continuous voltage test).

Shelf Life: Definition of time with acceptable drift of capacitor parameters after storage at upper category temperature without load.

VIBRATION AND MECHANICAL STRESS

Capacitors are sensitive to vibration and mechanical forces applied on the leads. Do not use capacitors, which have been dropped onto a rigid surface.

INSULATION

If any defect of the sleeve is visible, the component should not be used – the same holds for any kind of visible damage. A capacitor should be electrically isolated from the following parts: aluminum case, cathode lead wire, anode lead wire and circuit pattern, and auxiliary terminal of snap-in type. The sleeve is not recognized as an isolator and therefore the standard capacitor should not be used in a place where insulation function is needed. Please contact JIANGHAI if a higher grade of insulation is required.

ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS

Avoid direct contact with water, salt solution, oil, dewing conditions. Halogens generally, especially fumigation treatment with bromides and flame retardant agents containing halogens must be avoided. Avoid exposing to direct sunshine, ozone, ultraviolet rays and x-ray radiation. Air Pressure: Max. 150kPa, min. 8kPa. For usage >2000m altitude above sea level current deratings might be necessary. No heavy air pressure changes are allowed. Do not use or store in an environment containing any hazardous gas (e.g., hydrogen sulphide, sulphurous acid, nitrous acid, chlorine, ammonia, bromine, methyl bromide, other halogens) or acidic or alkaline solutions.

STORAGE

Temperature 5 to 35°C, relative humidity below 75%. Electrolytic capacitors may accumulate charge naturally during storage. In this case discharge through a 1kOhm resistor before use (Recovery voltage). Leakage current may be increased after long storage time. In this case the capacitor should be subjected to the rated voltage treatment through a 1kOhm resistor before use for 1 hour, then it should be discharged through a resistor of about 1 Ohm/Volt. Storage times above 1 year should be avoided or rated voltage treatment may be necessary. In accordance to IEC 60384-4 electrolytic capacitors are subject to a reforming process before acceptance testing. Rated voltage is applied via a series resistance (100Ω: $U_R \leq 100VDC$, 1kΩ: $U_R > 100VDC$).

SOLDERING

Soldering conditions (temperature, times) should be within specified conditions, especially for SMD components. Avoid high soldering temperatures as this may reduce lifetime or damage the capacitor. Do never dip the capacitor body into molten solder. Flux should not be adhered to the capacitor's body but only to its terminals. For details and different methods please contact us.

GLUEING, CLEANING AND COATING

Do not use fixing agents or cleaning substances containing halogens. Do not use coating and moulding components that completely seal the capacitor from the environment. Also, never use solvents containing: halogenated hydrocarbons, alkali, petroleum, trichloroethylene/-ethane, xylene, acetones, trichlorotrifluoroethane, tetrachloroethylene, methylenechloride, chloroform, acetates, ketones, esters, chlorides and bromides.

MOUNTING

Other devices, which are mounted near the capacitor, should not touch the capacitor. Additional heat coming from other components near the capacitor may reduce the lifetime of the capacitor. Do never bend or twist the capacitor after soldering to avoid stress on the leads. Radial capacitors are not protected against mechanical forces on the leads. Forces on the pins might damage the capacitor. No printed circuit board tracks are allowed between the lead pads of the capacitor. Screw Terminal capacitors should only be mounted in an upright position.

TRANSPORT

Avoid fumigation and spraying insecticides (especially with bromides) in the import or export procedures which can cause corrosion. This applies also to the finished devices.

MAINTENANCE

Periodical inspection should be carried out for the capacitor: visual inspection to check pressure relief open or leakage of electrolyte, electrical characteristics as leakage current, capacitance, and dissipation factor.

ELECTROLYTE AND SEPARATOR PAPER

Electrolyte and separator paper used in aluminum capacitors may be flammable. Also, electrolyte is electrically conductive. Therefore, in case electrolyte gets in contact with PC board it may cause corrosion of circuit pattern or cause short circuit between patterns, and may lead to smoke generation or ignition in worst case.

CAUTION DURING USE OF CAPACITORS

Do not touch the terminals of capacitors. Keep the capacitor free from conductive solution, such as acids, alkali and so on. Ensure that the operating environment of the equipment into which the capacitor has been built is within the specified conditions mentioned in the catalogue or specification sheets.

SAFETY VENT

The safety vent needs some free space to open properly. Allow for free headroom of at least 2mm for diameter ≤16mm, more than 3mm for diameter 18-35mm, more than 5mm for case diameter 40mm and larger.

EMERGENCY ACTIONS

When the pressure relief vent is open and some gas blows out from the capacitor, please turn the main switch of the equipment off or pull out the plug from the power outlet immediately. During safety vent operation, extremely hot gas (>100°C) may blow out of the capacitors. Do not stand close to the capacitors. In case of eye contact, rinse the open eye(s) with clean water immediately. In case of ingestion, gargle with water immediately, do not swallow. Do not touch electrolyte but wash skin with soap and water in case of skin contact.

DEFINITION OF ELECTRICAL PARAMETERS

Separate documents as application notes, equivalent circuit diagrams and so on are available on request.

PACKAGING

Please refer to the data book for details. Further information is available on request.

DISPOSAL

Scrapped capacitors are classified as scrapped metal. For disposal they are handled as controllable industrial waste because of the nature of the contents (electrolyte). Most of the material is aluminum and cannot be completely burned.

Jianghai Europe Electronic Components GmbH

VERSION 10/2021

